

Column Optimization and Chemiluminescence Detector Enhancements for Improved Sulfur Analysis

KVCV – GC studiedag

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Why so much focus on Sulfur analysis?

Sulfur compounds

- corrosive to equipment, pipe lines, reactors
- inhibit or destroy catalysts employed in downstream processing
- undesirable odors or off-flavour to products
- pollutes the air (fuels)

Analytical challenges:

- Low levels often require maximum sensitivity
- Matrix interference from the hydrocarbons present
- Highly reactive and polar molecules



Importance of Sulfur analysis

- Environmental air monitoring (e.g. paper plant odors)
- Beverage grade CO₂
- Alcoholic beverages, beer/wine/whisky/cognac
- Non alcoholic beverages, flavors/aroma's
- Fragrances
- Breath analysis, diagnostic biomarkers
- **Hydrocarbon Processing Industry**



GC Columns for Sulfurs

PoraPLOT Q / HP-PLOT Q (PT)

Low boiling sulfurs, H_2S absorption <100ppm

100% PDMS, CP-Sil 5 CB Sulfur, 1 > df < 5 μm

poor matrix selectivity, SCD fouling

SilicaPLOT, GasPro

Low SCD fouling, No higher boiling sulfurs

Select for Low Sulfur

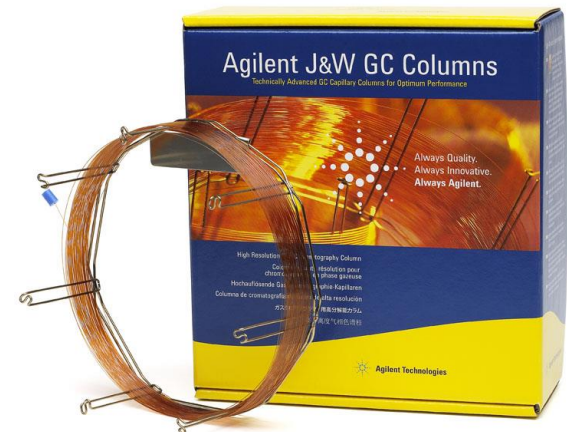
Excellent recovery < 10 ppb

Limited Max T, Prone to SCD fouling at high temperature

DB-Sulfur SCD

Excellent recovery < 10 ppb

Wide matrix range, Low SCD fouling



What detectors can we use for Sulfur?

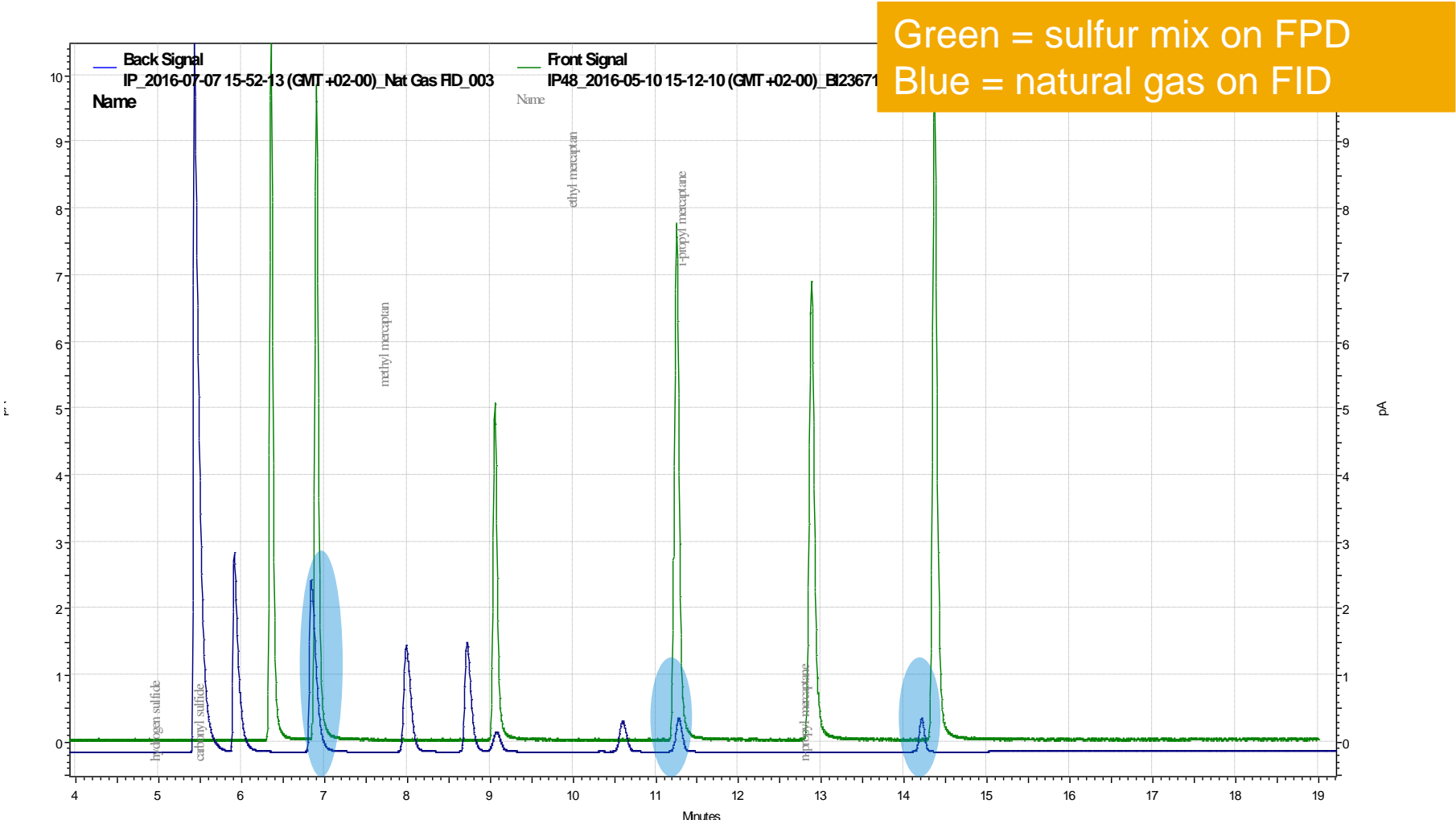
	FPD+	PFPD	SCD
MDL spec for sulfur	2.5 pg/sec	1 pg/sec	0.5 pg/sec
Dynamic range	10^3	10^3	10^5 , linear
Quenching	Yes	Yes	No
Equimolar response	Quadratic response	Yes	Yes
Packed column compatible	Yes	No, 1 ml/min	Yes
Other elements	P, Sn	P	N
Relative cost	\$	\$\$	\$\$\$

Flame Photometric Detector

Signal quenching

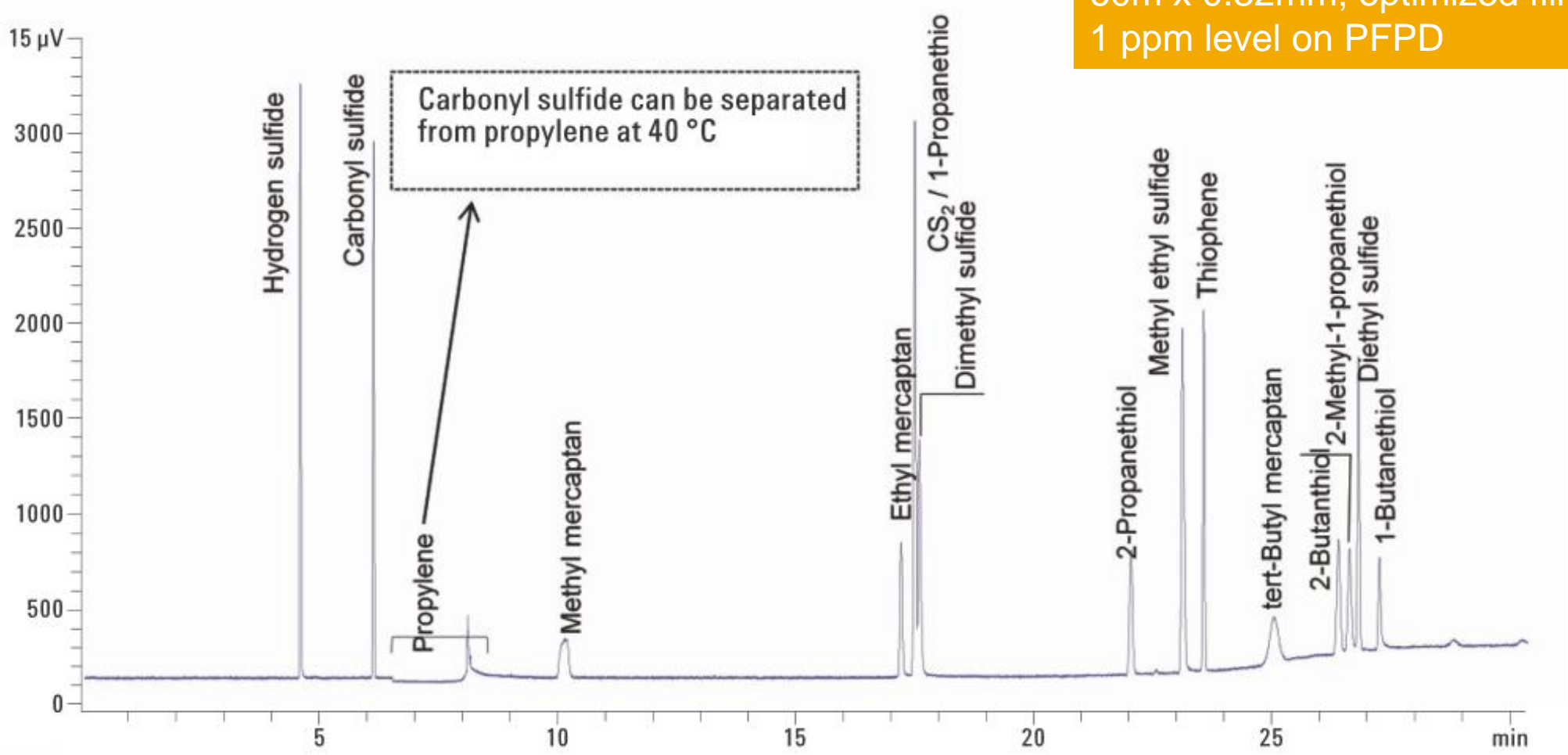
Co-elution of Sulfur compounds and high concentration matrix

Potential signal quenching



Select for Low Sulfur

Column optimized for propylene matrix



Select for Low Sulfur
60m x 0.32mm; optimized film thickness
1 ppm level on PFPD

Sulfur Chemiluminescence Detector

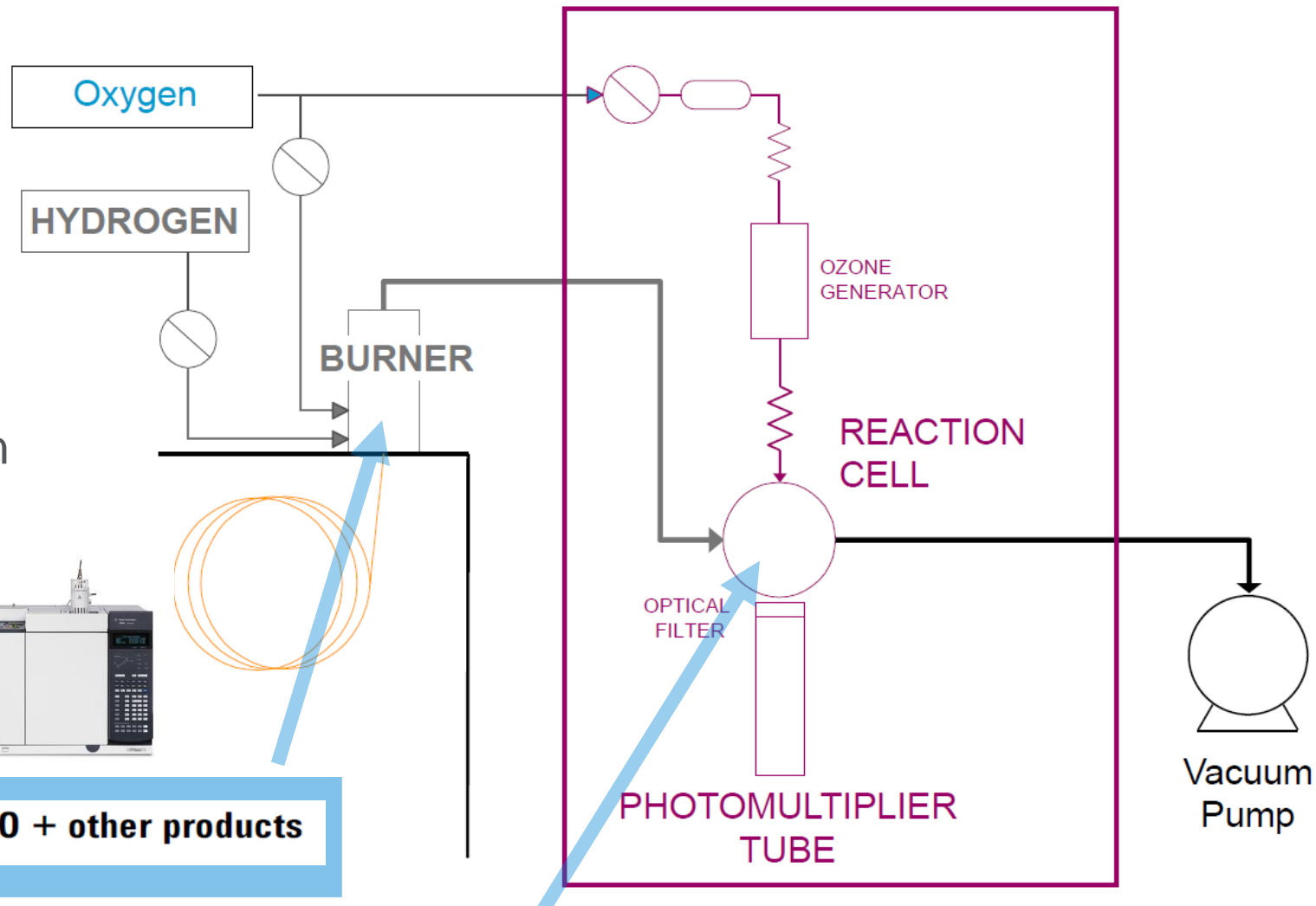
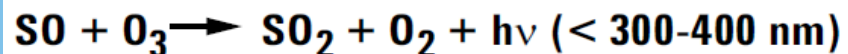
Principle of Operation

Chemically transforming of sulfur compounds

- Combustion in plasma (S to SO)
- Followed by reaction with ozon (SO to SO₂*)
- Emitted light is detected by photo multiplier tube



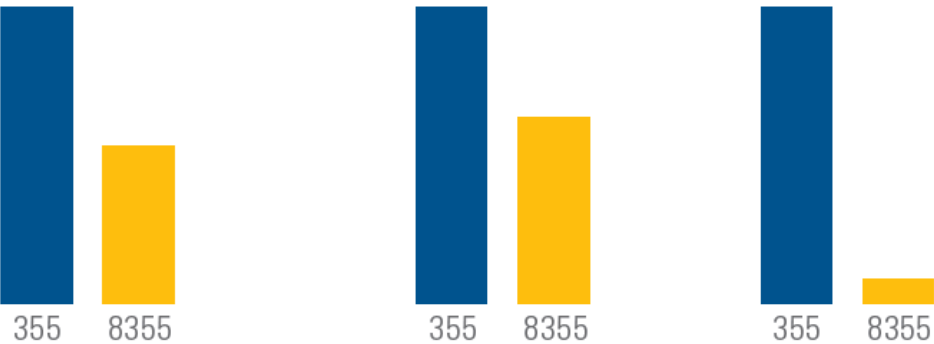
Sulfur compound (analyte) → SO + H₂O + other products



Sulfur Chemiluminescence Detector

Principle of Operation

Reducing complexity improves uptime readiness



Pathway connections
Reduced ~ 40%

Significantly decreasing the number of potential leak points compared to model 355.

Burner components
Reduced ~ 50%

Making the inner ceramic tube easier to replace.

Inner tube change time
Reduced ~ 92%

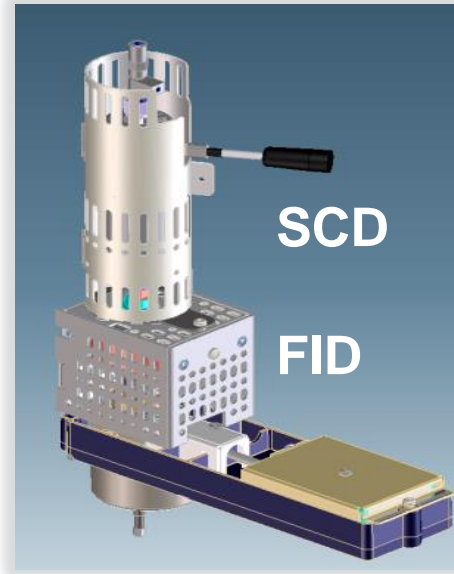
Change the inner ceramic tube in as little as 10 minutes, as opposed to 2 hours.



System Integration

Hardware Integration

- Integrate version (7890 GC) - support all parameters on GC front panel
- Standalone version for old/third party GC's
- FID / SCD combi possible



Software Integration

- Full dynamic range data (integrated version only)
- Support all parameters in CDS
 - ✓ Gas Flows
 - ✓ Temperature
 - ✓ Pressure



DB-Sulfur SCD

Optimized for use with SCD

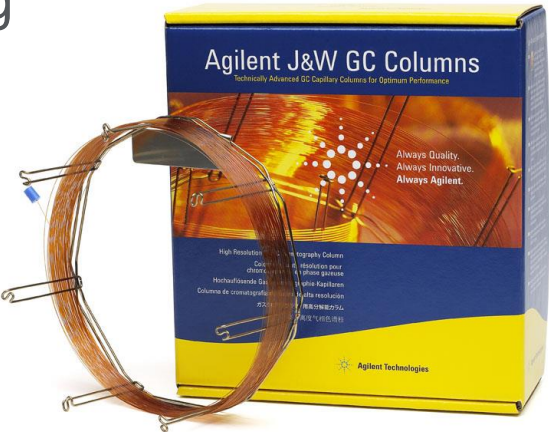
New optimized low polarity column with low bleed and exceptional inertness to sulfur even at trace levels

Developed with Dow Chemical and other leading companies

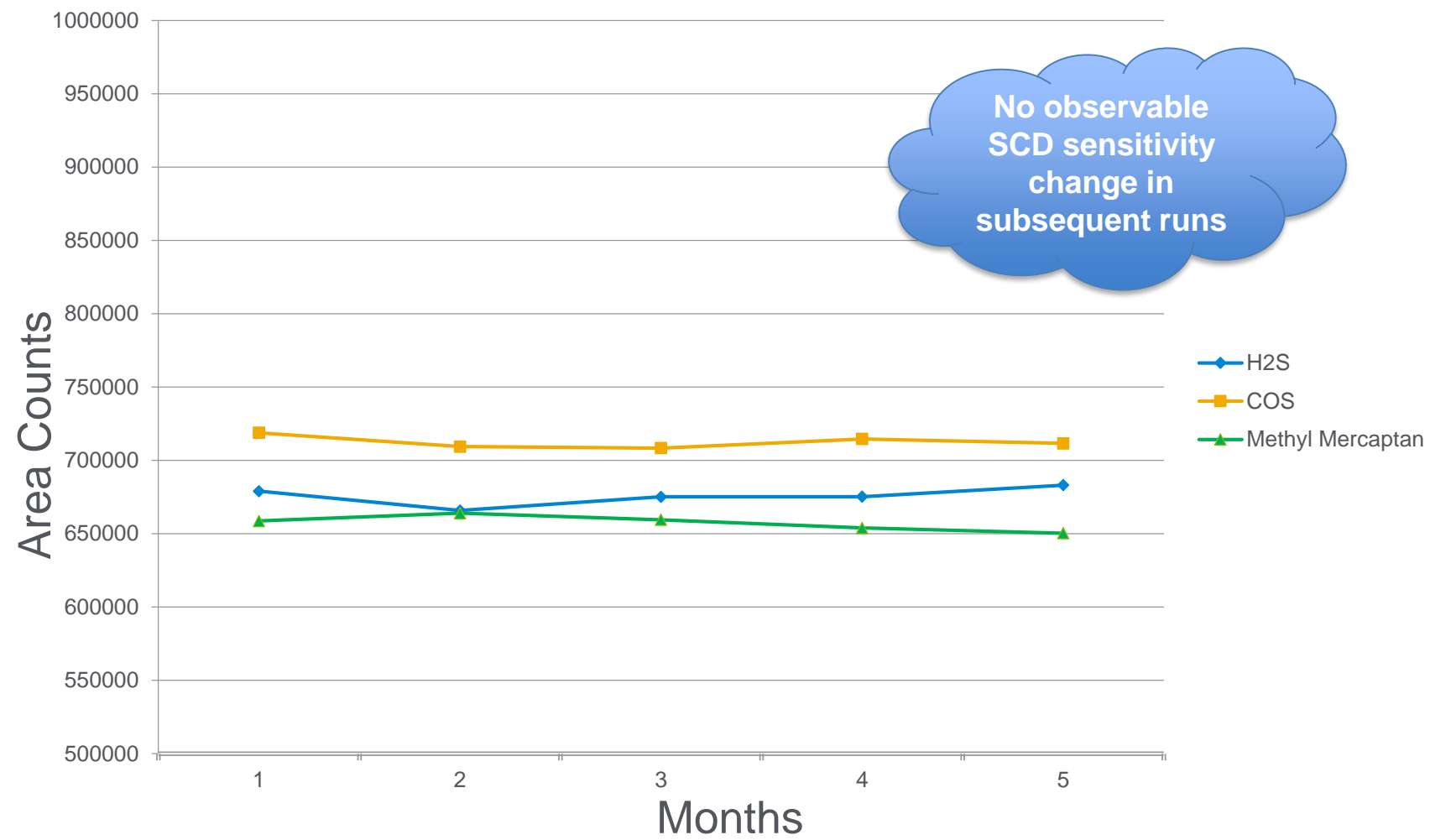
Excellent for a broad range of sulfur compounds from light sulfur gasses to sulfur containing hydrocarbons out to C24

Optimized for the lowest possible contribution to SCD reaction tube fouling

Part Number	Description	Temperature limits
G3903-63001	DB-Sulfur SCD 60m, 0.32mm, 4.2um	250°/270°C
G3903-63002	DB-Sulfur SCD 40m, 0.32mm, 0.75um	270°/290°C
G3903-63003	DB-Sulfur SCD 70m, 0.53mm, 4.3um	250°/270°C
G3903-63004	DB-Sulfur SCD 40m, 0.32mm, 3um	250°/270°C



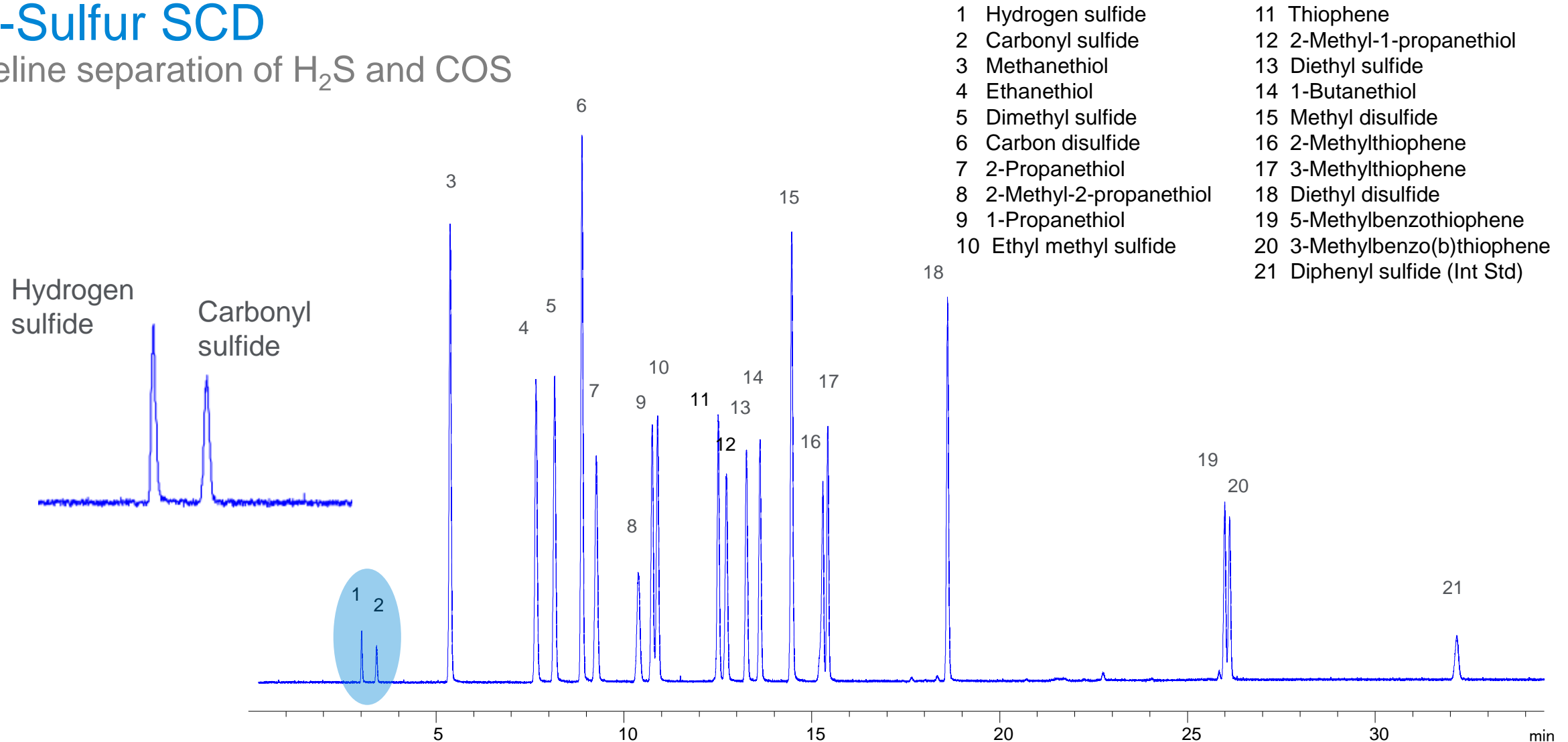
Long Term SCD Performance with DB-Sulfur SCD



Data courtesy of Jim Luong, Ronda Gras, Myron Hawryluk of Dow Chemical Canada

DB-Sulfur SCD

Baseline separation of H₂S and COS



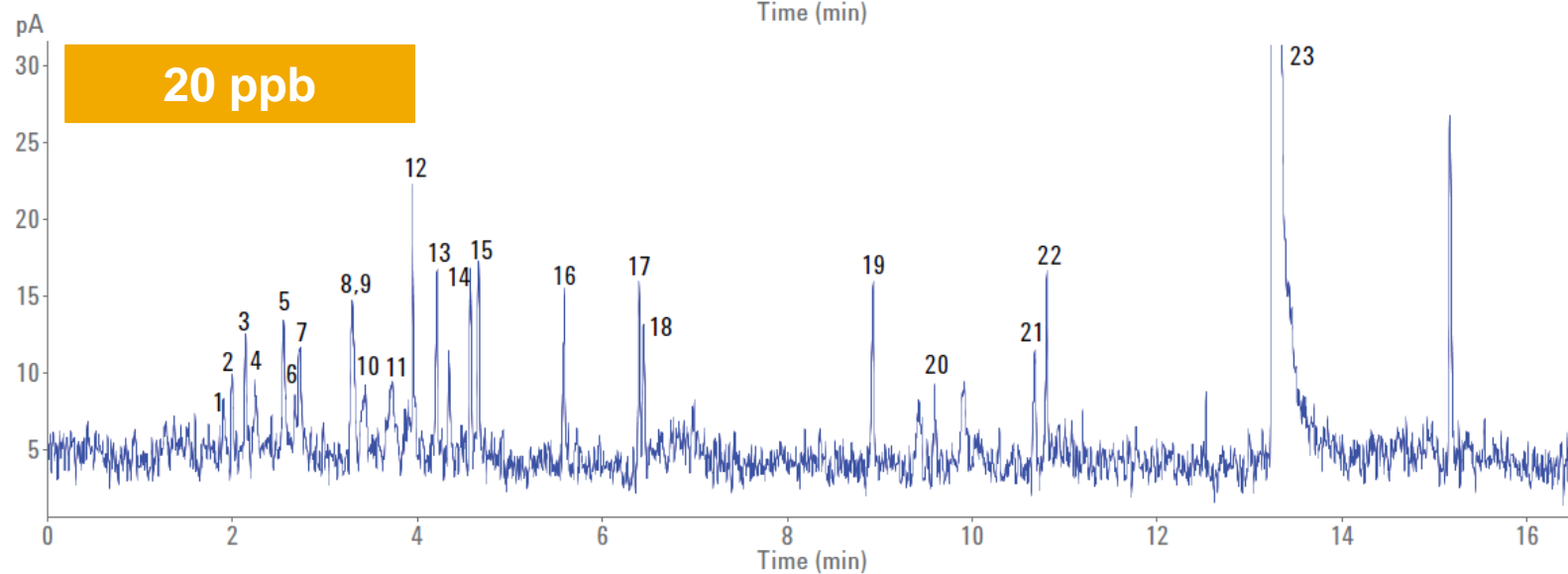
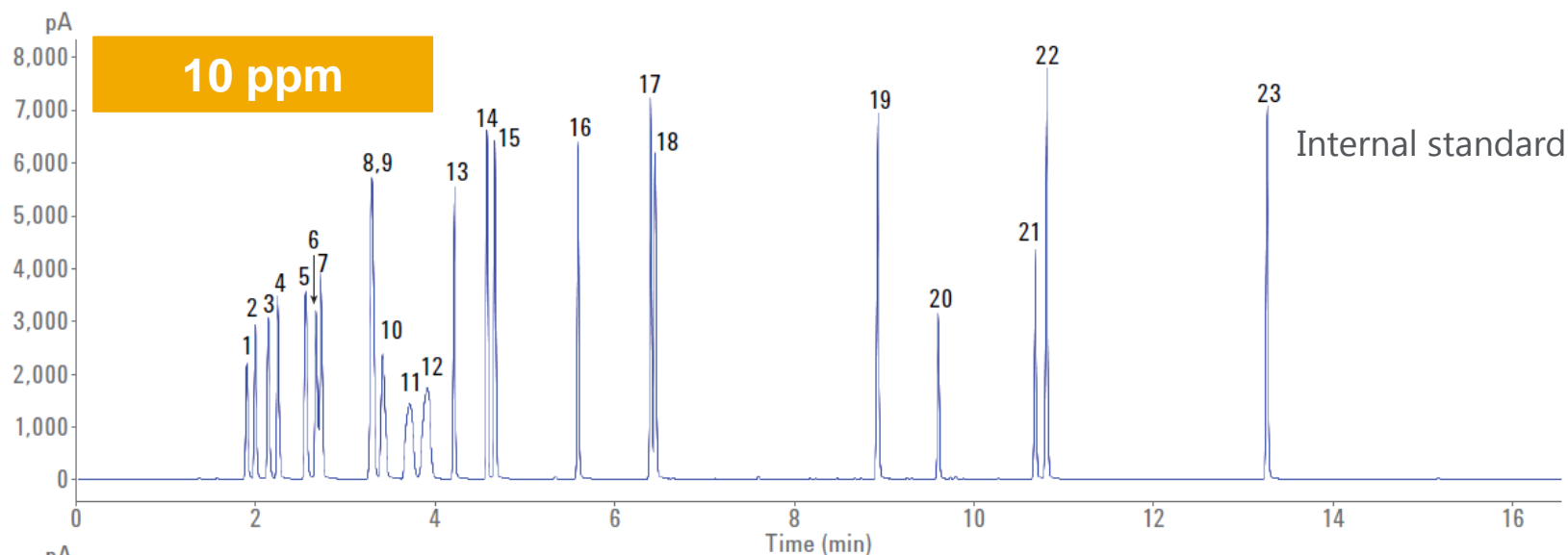
Column: Agilent J&W DB-Sulfur SCD, 60 m x 0.32 mm, 4.2 µm (p/n G3903-63001)

35 °C for 3 min --10 °C/min → 250 °C for 10 min

Sulfur Compounds Analysis

Intuvo GC / SCD

Compound	
1	Ethanethiol
2	Dimethyl sulfide
3	Carbon disulfide
4	2-Propanethiol
5	2-Methyl-2-propanethiol
6	1-Propanethiol
7	Ethylmethyl sulfide
8	2-Butanethiol
9	Thiophene
10	2-Methyl-1-propanethiol
11	Diethyl sulfide
12	<i>n</i> -Butanethiol
13	Dimethyl disulfide
14	2-Methylthiophene
15	3-Methylthiophene
16	3-Chlorothiophene
17	2-Bromothiophene
18	Diethyl disulfide
19	Di- <i>tert</i> -butyl disulfide
20	Thianaphthene
21	2-Methylbenzothiophene
22	3-Methylbenzothiophene
23	Diphenyl sulfide



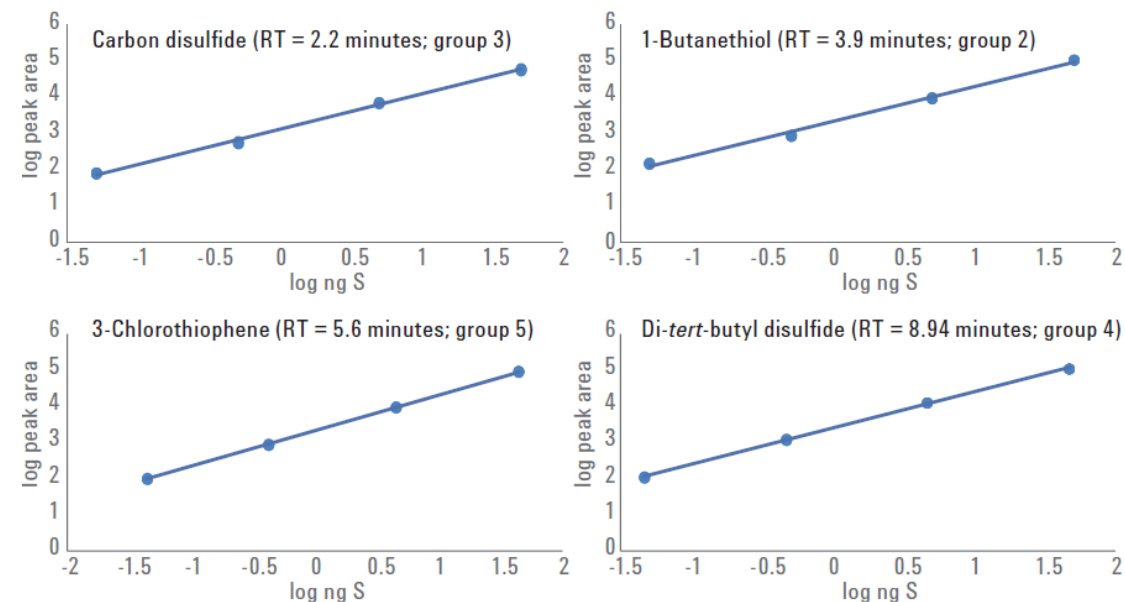
Sulfur Compounds Analysis

Intuvo GC with SCD

Repeatability (RSD%) and linearity

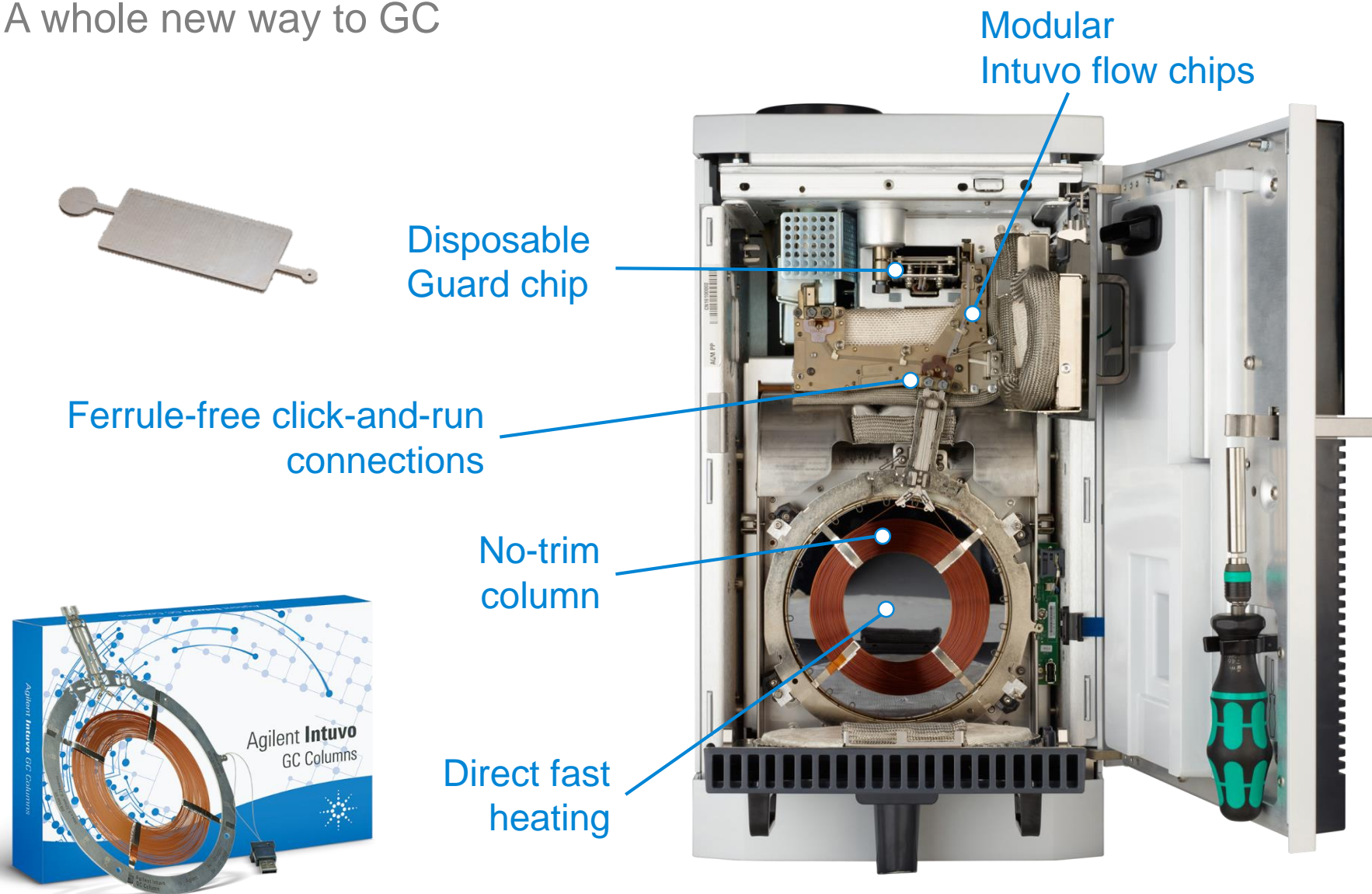
Analyte	0.1 ppm (%)	1 ppm (%)	10 ppm (%)	100 ppm (%)	R ²
Ethanethiol	8.5	4.6	5.4	3.9	0.998
Dimethyl sulfide	5.5	5.9	6.9	4.1	0.997
Carbon disulfide	3.9	6.8	4.0	7.3	0.997
2-Propanethiol	3.1	3.6	3.9	3.7	0.999
2-Methyl-2-propanethiol	4.3	2.6	1.6	1.0	0.999
1-Propanethiol	6.7	2.2	5.3	2.9	0.999
Ethylmethyl sulfide	3.8	5.3	5.1	3.0	0.999
2-Butanethiol	3.1	4.2	2.4	3.8	0.999
Thiophene	3.9	3.6	4.5	4.0	0.999
2-Methyl-1-propanethiol	3.0	3.2	1.4	1.1	0.999
Diethyl sulfide	6.9	2.6	3.7	1.9	0.999
<i>n</i> -Butanethiol	4.0	3.7	3.7	1.9	0.994
Dimethyl disulfide	3.3	3.5	2.2	4.0	0.999
2-Methylthiophene	2.8	3.5	2.7	1.7	0.999
3-Methylthiophene	4.4	3.3	1.5	0.9	0.999
3-Chlorothiophene	4.7	3.2	1.2	0.8	0.999
2-Bromothiophene	2.8	0.9	2.30	0.5	0.999
Diethyl disulfide	3.1	1.20	1.60	0.56	0.999
Di- <i>tert</i> -butyl disulfide	2.5	1.9	0.66	0.74	0.999
Thianaphthene	4.7	0.7	1.2	0.54	0.999
2-Methylbenzothiophene	2.7	1.4	1.20	0.6	0.998
3-methylbenzothiophene	1.5	2.4	0.6	0.2	0.999

Calibration plots, 5 data points for each calibration



Innovating a New Path to GC Productivity

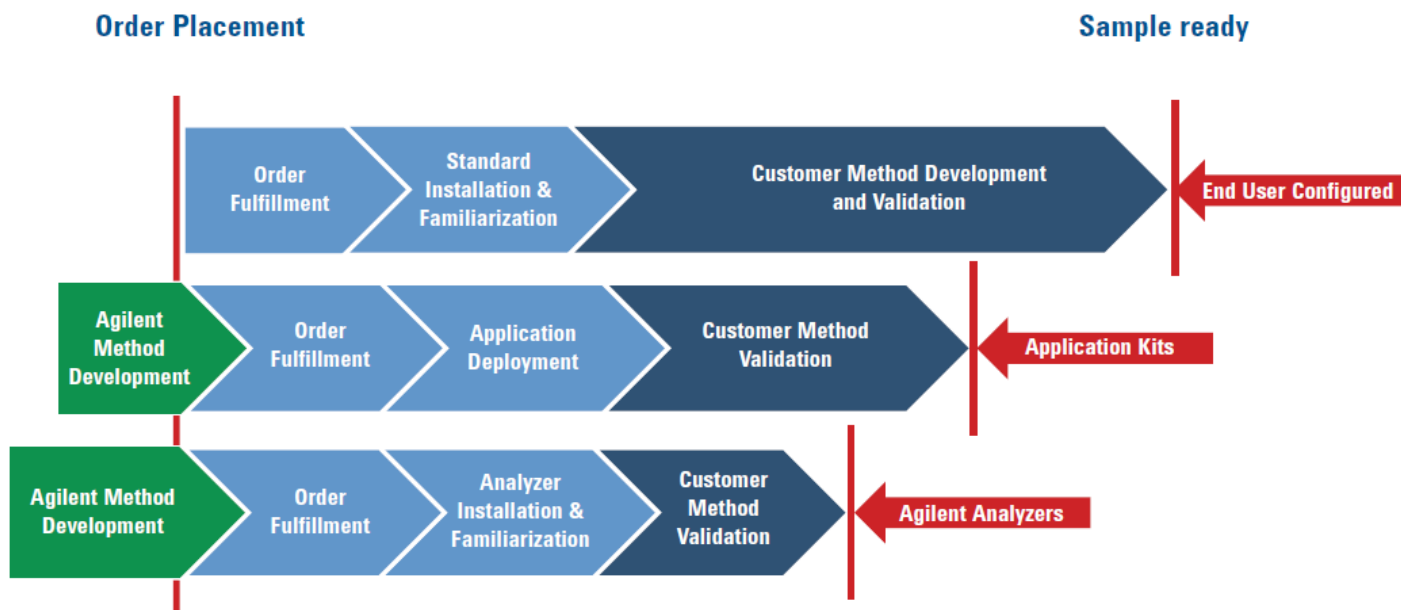
Intuvo GC - A whole new way to GC



GC and GC-MS analyzers

- Pre-configured system
- Factory tested
- Shipped with method, manual and check-out mix

Analyzers and Application Kits reduce your method development time



Sulfur analyzers

Three Channel Fast RGA + H₂S with Five Valves

Extended RGA with high H₂ and H₂S 100ppm to 5%

Analyzer for sulfur in liq Nat Gas and LPG

Sulfur Comp. in Nat. Gas or gas fuels by GC-SCD ASTM D5504

Sulfur Comp. in Light Petroleum Liquids by GC-SCD ASTM D5623

Sulfur Comp. in Gas or Liquids by chemiluminescence as per ASTM D5504, D5623 and UOP 791

Parallel splitter analyzer for liquefied and gas samples through SCD-FID

Parallel splitter analyzer for gaseous samples through SCD-FID

NGA Analyzer with PFPD Sulfur Channel

Light sulfur species and light hydrocarbons in fuels or heavy matrices with CFT backflush and FID-SCD

Fast Refinery Gas Analyzer (RGA) with hydrogen sulfide and oxygen

Dual Channel trace sulfur analyzer for Natural Gas and Fuel Gas streams

Dual Channel trace sulfur analyzer for Ethylene, Propylene and C₄ streams

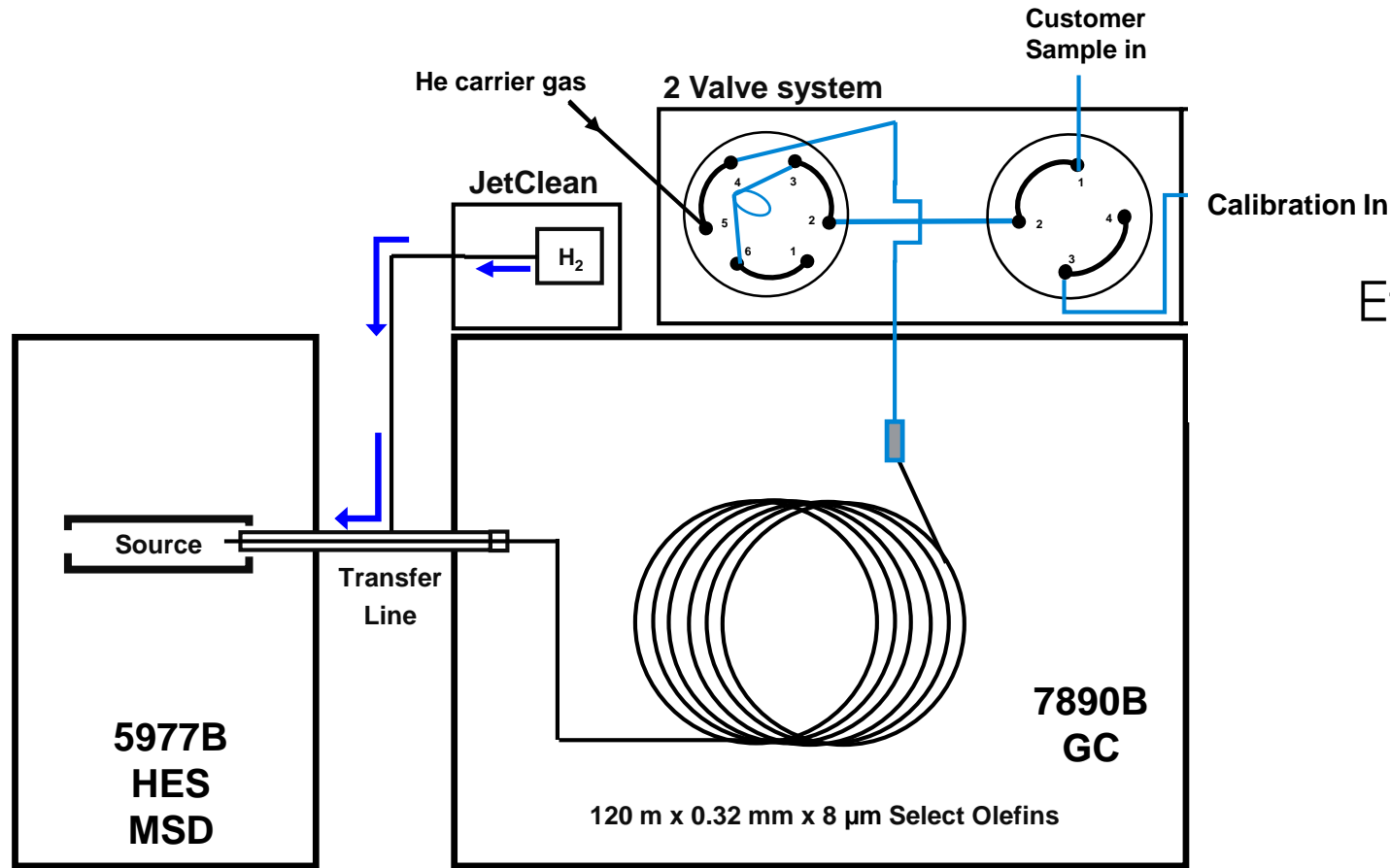
Dual channel Natural Gas Analyzer with H₂, He and % level H₂S capability

Analyzer for ppm traces of thiophene in benzene by Deans Switch (2-D GC)

GCMS single quadrupole analyzer for arsine, phosphine, hydrogen sulfide and carbonyl sulfide

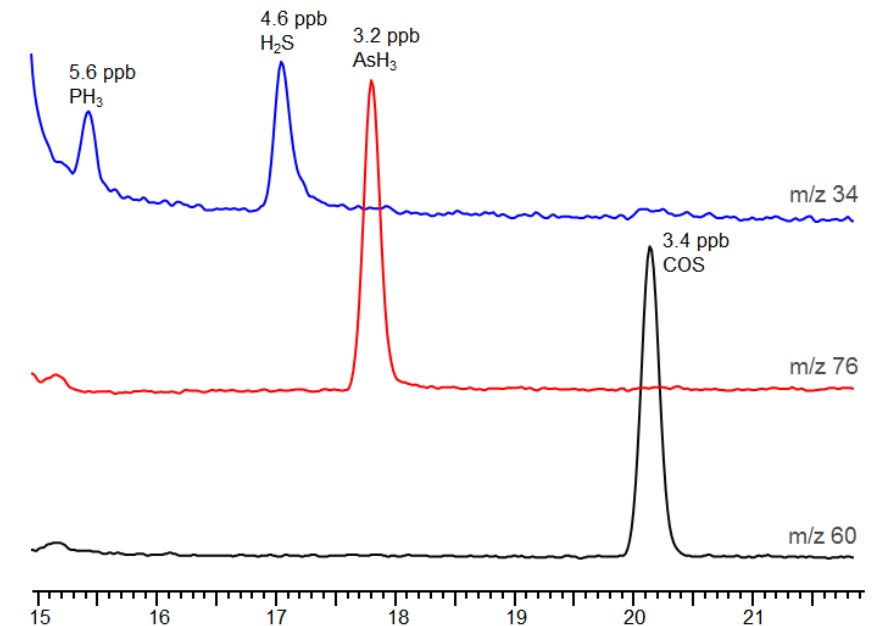
GC-MS analyzers

Arsine, phosphine, H₂S & COS in ethylene and propylene

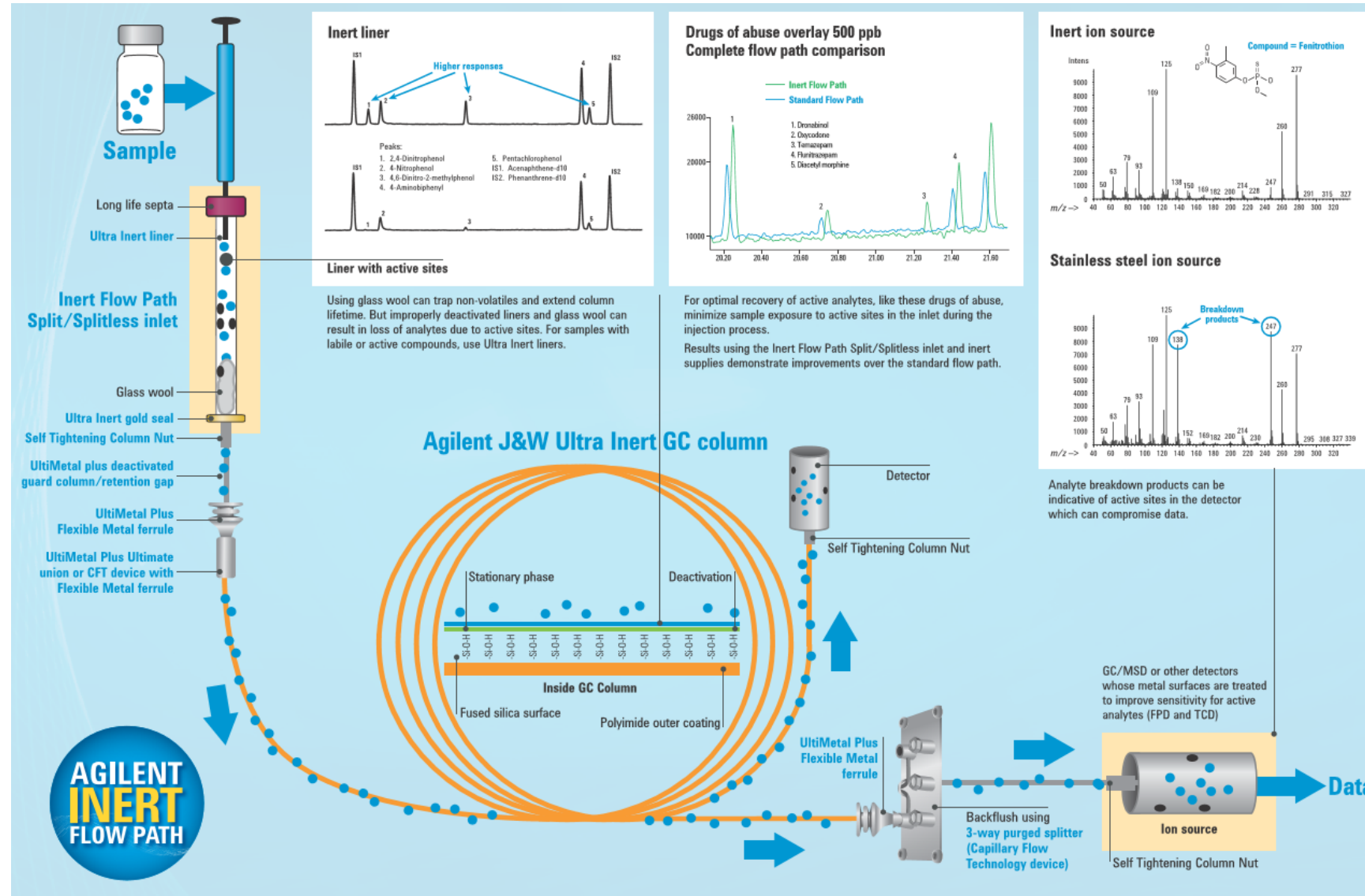


Blue lines (or outline) indicate deactivated stainless steel tubing

Ethylene Matrix: ~5 ppb Analytes



Inert GC Flow Path



Inert GC flow path

- Sample introduction
- Liner/gold seal
- Ultra Inert columns
- Capillary flow technology / connectors
- Deactivated injector/detector weldment
- Gas clean filters

Sulfur Analysis

To summarize

- Multiple detectors for sulfur detection
 - Required sensitivity
 - Sample type/matrix
- Optimized columns available
 - DB-Sulfur SCD - low bleed, inert and minimizes detector fouling
 - J&W Select Low Sulfur – for Propylene streams
- Inert flow path
 - Prevent adsorption of active compounds
- Sulfur Chemiluminescence Detector
 - Enhanced detector design – robustness and simplified maintenance
 - Available for 7890 GC, Intuvo GC and standalone version for other GC's

